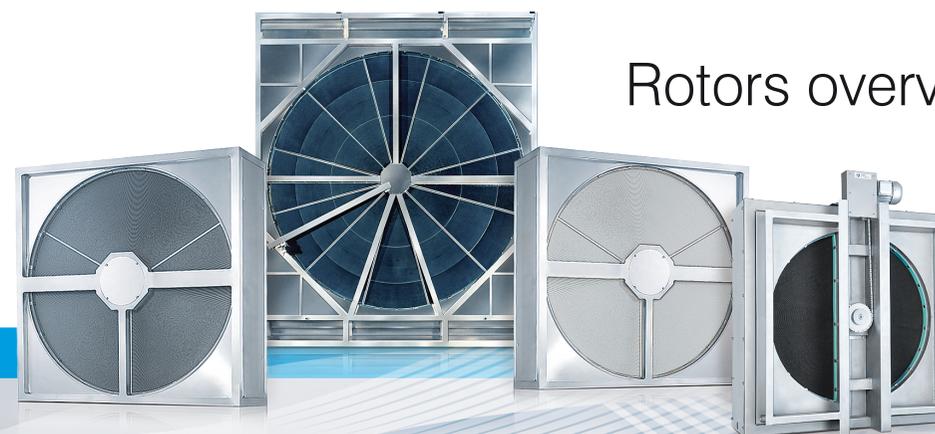




## Rotors overview

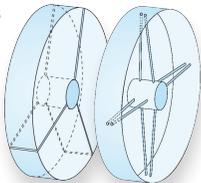
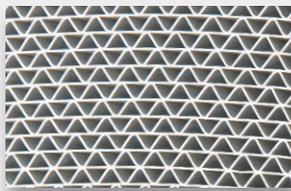
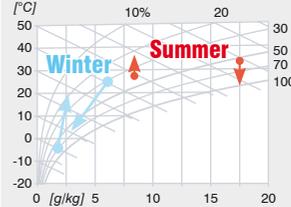
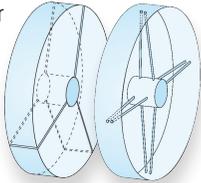
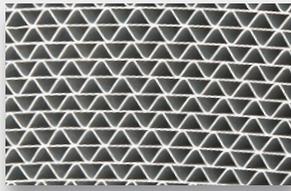
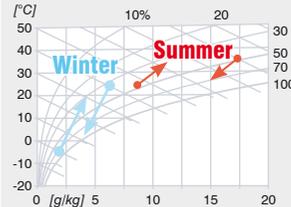
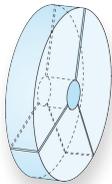
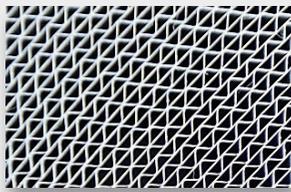
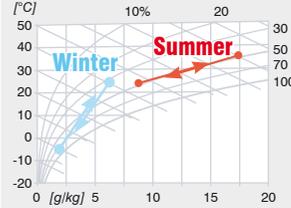
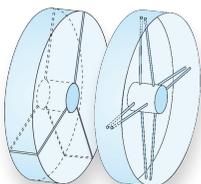
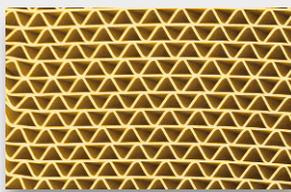
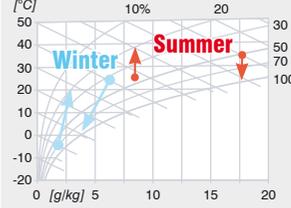


## Quick guide 2024



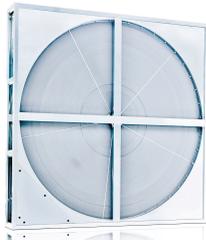
**VDI  
6022**

# Rotors overview

Rotor type	Heat recovery	Preferred application	Wave height	Thickness of material
Condensations Rotor P  Speed 10 rpm		 <p>only sensible, latent only at Condensation</p>	1,4 mm 1,6 mm 1,8 mm 2,0 mm 2,2 mm 2,4 mm	0,06 E 0,1 B
Enthalpie Rotor E  Speed 10 rpm		 <p>sensible, limited latent</p>	1,4 mm 1,6 mm 1,8 mm 2,0 mm 2,2 mm 2,4 mm	0,06 E 0,1 B
Sorptions Rotor HUGo N  Speed 20 rpm		 <p>sensible and latent, (within the whole seasonal cycle)</p>	1,4 mm 1,6 mm 1,8 mm 2,0 mm 2,2 mm 2,4 mm	0,06 E
Epoxy-Coated Rotor K  Speed 10 rpm		 <p>only sensible, latent only at Condensation</p>	1,4 mm 1,6 mm 1,8 mm 2,0 mm 2,2 mm 2,4 mm	0,06 E 0,1 B

# Rotor range overview

## Housing versions

	RRU ECO		RRS		RRT		RRV									
All housing versions are available with the storage masses P-condensation, E-enthalpy (hybrid), N-sorption and K-epoxy coated available																
	Galvanized steel		Galvanized steel		Aluminum		Stainless steel V2A or V4A									
<b>Execution</b>	screwed		welded		welded		welded									
<b>Max. housing size (HS)</b>	2550 x 2550 mm		4250 x 4250 mm		8000 x 8000 mm		3000 x 3000 mm									
<b>Cladding sheets</b>	galvanized		galvanized		Aluminum		V2A (1.4301) or V4A (1.4571)									
<b>Undivided housing version up to</b>	2550 mm (Ø 2500) mm		up to 3000 mm		up to 3000 mm		up to 3000 mm									
<b>Divided housing version up to</b>	not possible		from Ø 2381mm (Smaller sizes available on request)													
<b>Standard depths</b>	290		400 mm to 2000 mm housing size 440 mm to 3000 mm housing size 550 mm to 4250 mm housing size		400 mm to 2000 mm housing size 440 mm to 2999 mm housing size 510 mm to 3999 mm housing size 550 mm to 5000 mm housing size 650 mm to 6600 mm housing size		400 mm to 2000 mm housing size 440 mm to 3000 mm housing size									
<b>Use as</b>	Slide-in Rotor		Slide-in Rotor or build-in Rotor													
<b>Installation position</b>	vertical		horizontal / vertical													
<b>Inspection of drive on narrow side</b>	yes		yes		yes		yes									
<b>Inspection through triangular doors on the inflow and outflow sides</b>	optional from size 1251 mm		optional from size 1500 mm		optional from size 1500 mm		optional from size 1500 mm									
<b>Sealing system</b>	Brush seal		Brush seal, Felt, Murtfeldt from Ø 1650 mm													
<b>Drive system MicroMax</b>	up to HS 2550		up to HS 1950 (N) up to HS 2550 (P/E/K)		up to HS 4250		up to HS 2060* (N) up to HS 2660* (P/E/K)		up to HS 5000 (N) up to HS 6400 (P/E/K)		up to HS 2000 (N) up to HS 2550 (P/E/K)		up to HS 3000		up to HS 2060 (N) up to HS 2660 (P/E/K)	
<b>Conroller out of / in housing</b>	Standard built-in and pre-wired; optional: Supplied loose		Standard built-in and pre-wired; optional: Supplied loose		Standard built-in and pre-wired; optional: Supplied loose		Standard built-in and pre-wired; optional: Supplied loose		Standard built-in and pre-wired; optional: Supplied loose							

All P-condensation, E-enthalpy (hybrid), N-sorption and K-epoxy-coated storage masses are available with the following film thicknesses and wave heights  
 P/E/N film thicknesses = E-0.06mm, B-0.1mm wave heights 1.4 / 1.6 / 1.8 / 2.0 / 2.2 / 2.4mm (Eurovent);  
 K film thicknesses = E-0.06mm wave heights 1.4 / 1.6 / 1.8 / 2.0 / 2.2 / 2.4 mm (Eurovent); film thicknesses = A-0.12mm wave heights 1.8 / 2.0 / 2.2 / 2.4mm

# Glossary

## Cleaning

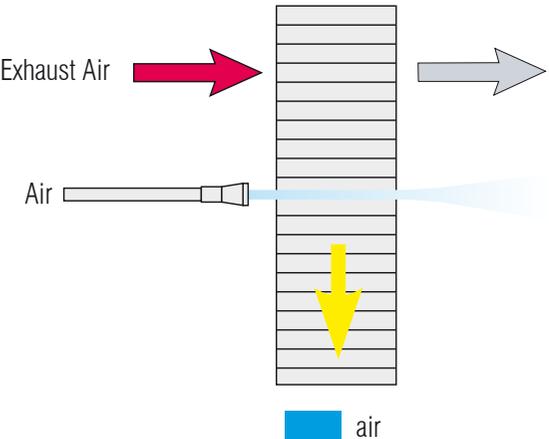
Sensible for ventilation and air conditioning systems with high exhaust air loads.

Cleaning of the storage medium surface with compressed air and/or high-pressure water. Note media provision (compressors and HP modules) and the necessary piping!

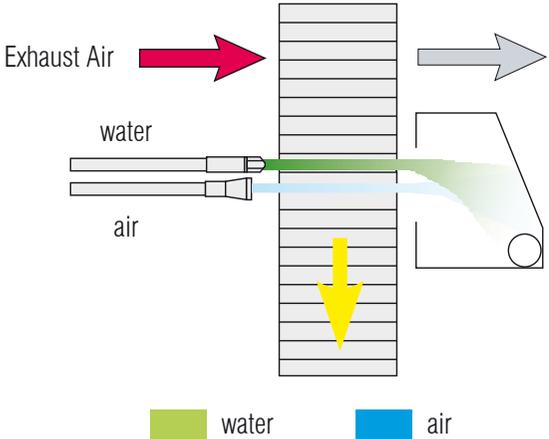
The cleaning equipment also has to be cleaned (particularly for wet cleaning)

Reinforced media of at least 0.1mm foil thickness recommended for high-pressure cleaning.

### Compressed air cleaning



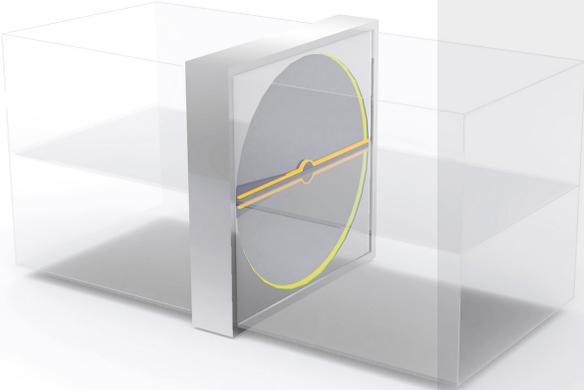
### Compressed Air and pressure water cleaning



# Glossary

## Sealing Systems

Reduction of leakage at rotor circumference and water line separation.



There are two types of seals:  
 airflow separation (■)  
 Rotor circumference (■).



Special plastic seal (spring-loaded) for paint booths and systems with very high sealing requirements (■ ■)



Brush seal for airflow separation (■)  
 standard ventilation and air-conditioning



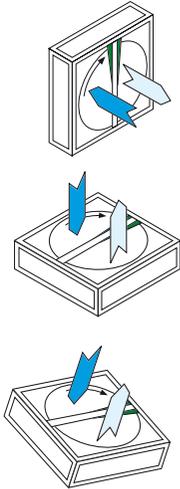
Pressure-stable felt seal for standard ventilation and air-conditioning (■ ■)



Rotor circumference brush seal (■)  
 standard ventilation and air-conditioning

# Glossary

## Installation position



- vertical with horizontal or vertical air flow separation

- horizontal installation

- horizontal inclined installation

## As a general rule, no transfer of external power in the rotor frame

- No additional construction required

- Framed support of rotor and bearing area required

- Base frame construction and brake motor and/or control system with holding torque and guide plates recommended

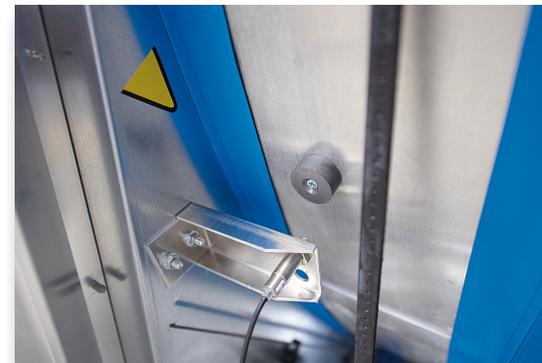
## Odour transfer

Depending on the direction of leakage (fan arrangements) and water solubility of the odours, odour transfer takes place with condensation.

Kitchen smells; water-soluble, bathroom smells ;non-water-soluble, use of sorption rotors not recommended.

## Rotor operation control

Gives error messages for unintentional rotor stoppage (e.g. V- belt blockage, break) designed as proximity switch (magnetic) in the rotor housing.



# Glossary

## Rotor controller

Control of the speed of the rotor and thus the recovery performance.

Controller can be specified in the LV MSR, retrofitting possible.

Controller operation with on-site control signal or as individual control with sensors.

### Drive variant with stepper motors

Stepper motor with control unit for variable or constant speed

### Drive variant with geared motors

Three-phase 50 Hz motors are optionally available for constant drive or for operation with a frequency converter, designed with worm gears

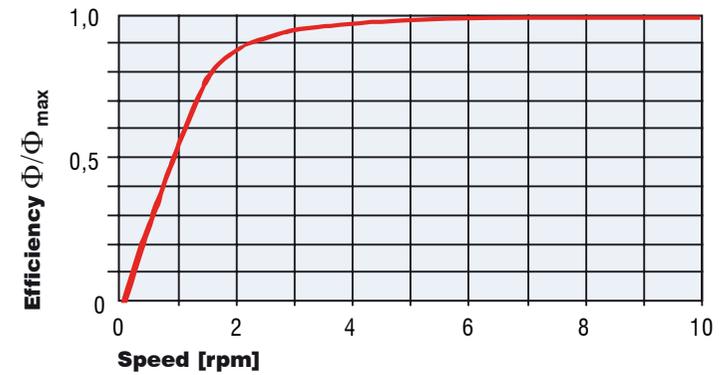
Various sizes are available for both systems



Drive variant with stepper motors

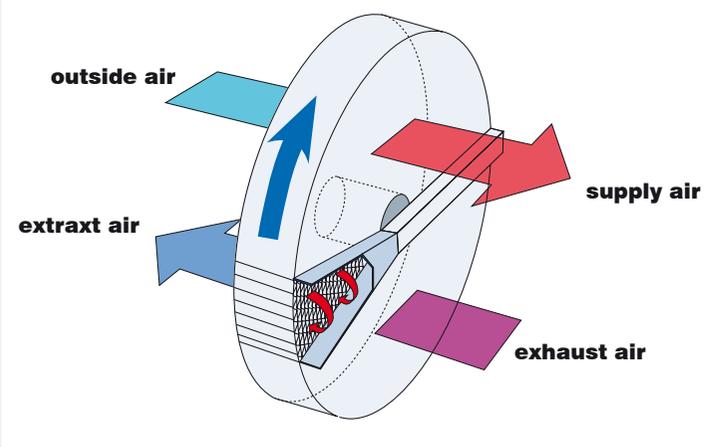


Drive variant with geared motors



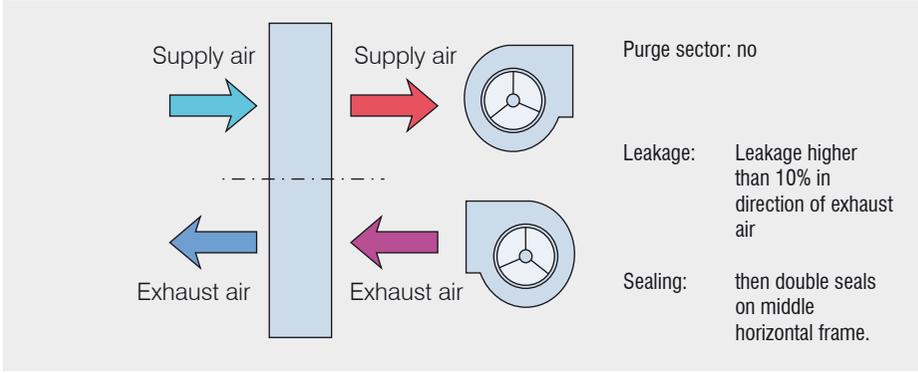
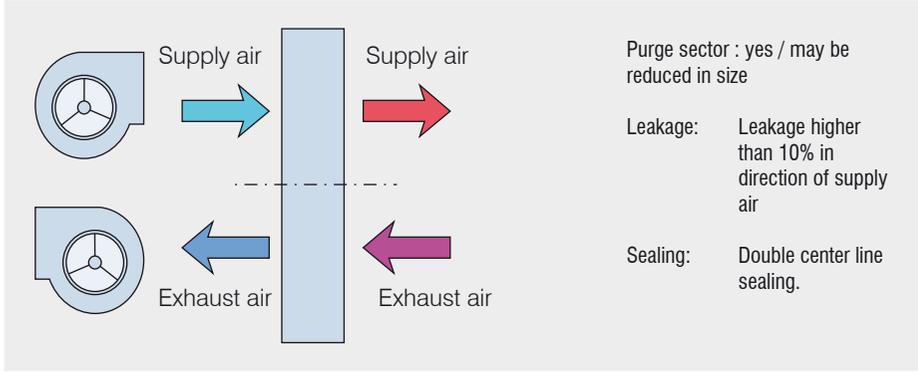
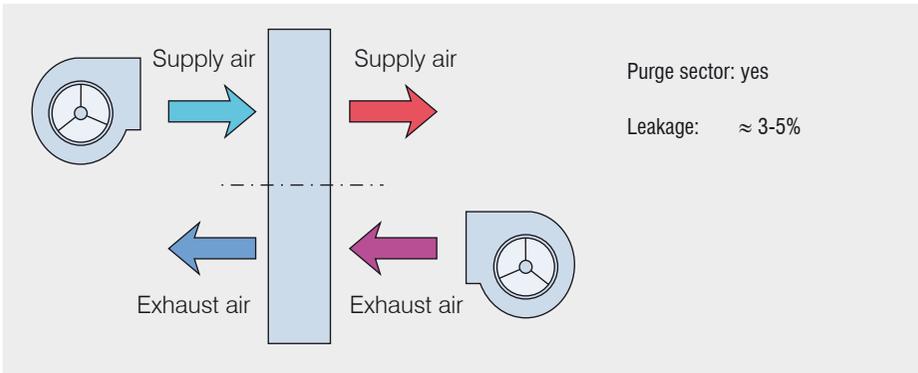
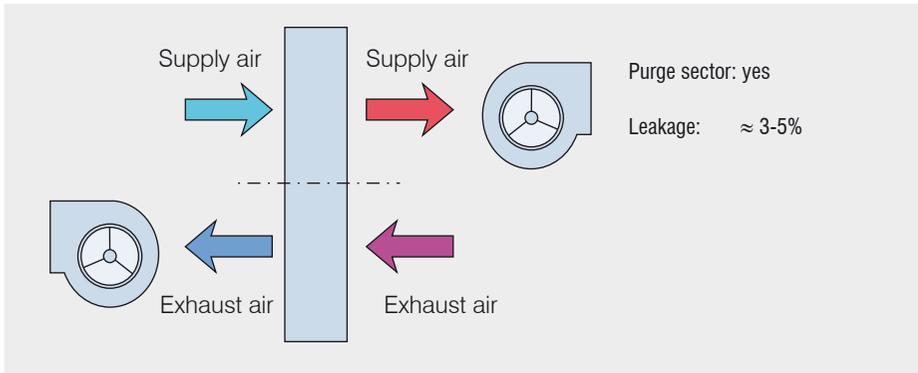
The diagram shows the dependence of the efficiency on the rotor speed

# Glossary

<p><b>Self-Cleaning</b></p>	<p>Counter-current air flow cleans dry contamination from storage masses. Requirement: rotating rotor and/or activated intermittent operation.</p>	
<p><b>Software terminology clarification</b></p>	<p>Standard volume</p> <p>Operating volume</p> <p>Flow rate</p> <p>Pressure loss standard density</p>	<p>Air volume relative to 20°C / 50% relative humidity / 1013 mbar</p> <p>Air volume for given temperatures and relative humidities</p> <p>Air speed in relation rotor to effective surface, not cross section of duct</p> <p>relates to standard volume</p>
<p><b>Purge sector</b></p>	<p>Avoidance of cross contamination between return and supply air due to rotation. Respect purge sector air-volume in fan layout.</p> <p>Rotational direction: from return air across purge sector to supply air.</p> <p>Purge sector always on warm side of wheel.</p>	

# Glossary

**Purge sector dimensions depend on the pressure difference between the through flows**



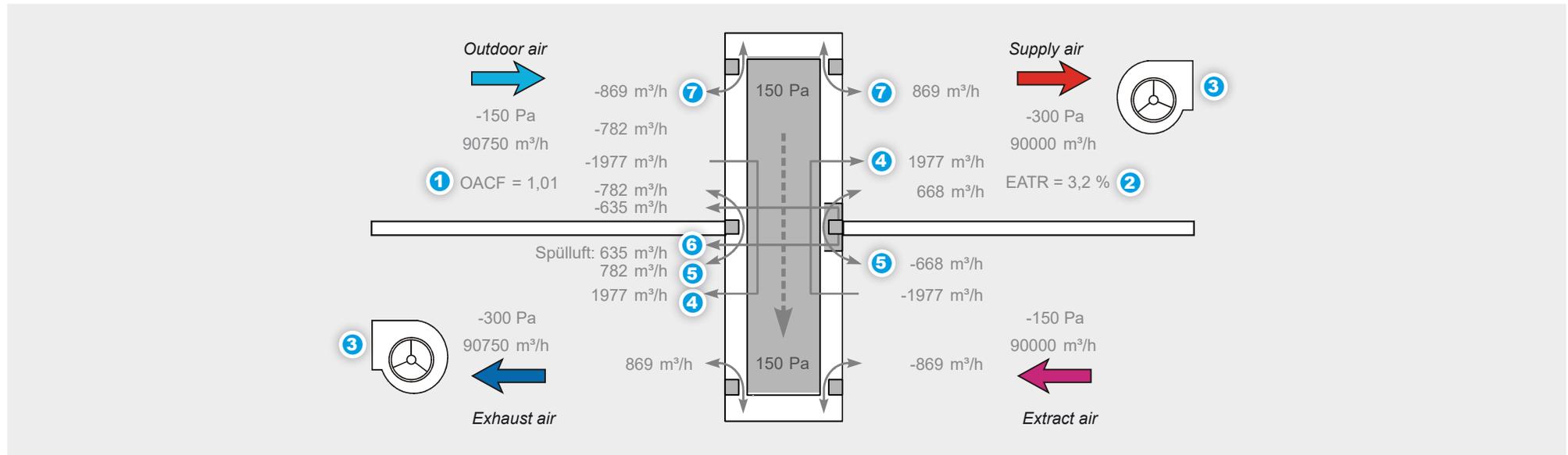
**Water-tight collection chamber with condensate drain**

Inclined aluminium tray in rotor housing with drainage at the lowest position for efficient draining of condensate and cleaning fluid.

Required for rotors with cleaning units and/or high levels of condensate.

# Glossary

## Leakage and Purge Sector Calculation



- |  |  |  |   |
|--|--|--|---|
| <p><b>1 OACF:</b><br/><b>(Outdoor Air Correction Factor)</b></p> | <p>Outdoor Air Volume/Supply Air Volume (possibly &lt; 1)<br/>Classification number for increased power of ODA/SUP-fan.<br/>Consists of leakage caused by sealing gaps and purge air, if applicable.</p>   | <p><b>4 Rotation induced transfer:</b></p> | <p>Air volume inside the rotor matrix that is cross-transferred to supply and exhaust air by rotation.</p>  |
| <p><b>2 EATR:</b><br/><b>(Exhaust Air Transfer Ratio)</b></p>    | <p>Extract Air Volume in Supply Air/Supply Air Volume (&gt;0)<br/>Classification number for the amount of extract air transferred into the supply air.<br/>Under ideal circumstances (use of an effective purge sector) this value can be reduced to nearly 0%. Consists of air transferred due to rotation <b>4</b> and leakage caused by sealing gaps <b>5</b> and <b>7</b>.</p> | <p><b>5 Cross-Sealing:</b></p>             | <p>Leakage in the area of the crossbeam separating supply and extract air.</p>  |
| <p><b>3 Fan Arrangement:</b></p>                                 | <p>Influences the pressure situation over the rotor and therefore direction and amount of leakage, as well as a possible purge sector application. Ideal: draw through arrangement on both sides of the rotor.</p>   | <p><b>6 Purge Air:</b></p>                 | <p>Leakage effective supply air volume that rejects rotation induced transfers from the rotor matrix. Depends on the pressure grade between outdoor and extract air (min. 200 Pa).<br/>To be effective: Purge Air &gt; Rotation induced transfer<br/>Possible purge sector sizes: 2x 2,5° or 2x 5°, depending on the purge pressure</p> |
|  |  | <p><b>7 Circumference Sealing:</b></p>     | <p>Leakage depends on the type of sealing used.<br/>For example: Felt with defined sealing gap or sliding seal with reduced gap</p>   |

# Glossary

## Product Description

**Example:**  
**RRU (ECO)P-E18-1500/1500-1375**



Housing	Type of rotor	Thickness of material	Height of matrix	Housing height [mm]	Housing width [mm]	Wheel diameter [mm]
RRS RRT RRV RRU ECO	<b>P:</b> Condensations rotor  <b>E:</b> Enthalpy rotor  <b>N:</b> Sorption rotor HUgo  <b>K:</b> Epoxy coated rotor	E - 0.06 B - 0.10	14 16 18 20 22 24			



# Mollier-diagram for p=1013 mbar

